HELD BY ONE BILL

Washburne's Anti-Option Bill in the Way

OF AN EARLY ADJOURNMENT

Of the Two Houses of Congress-Matters That Can Be Disposed of in Short Order

WASHINGTON, July 17 .- Congress is rapidly approaching the end of the seasion and in the opinion of the house leaders, this week will probably witness the closing scenes. On the other hand, however, the opinion prevails among the minority that adjournment will not be reached before the first of August. The proceedings in the house this week will be confined largely to the consideration of appropriation bills. Tomorrow is suspension day and several members are expecting a glance of recognition from the speaker to enable m to pass special measures. The bill to transfer the revenue marine service from the treasury to the navy department is one of the measures slated for consideration. On Tuesday at 12 o'clock a vote will be Tuesday at 12 o'clock a vote will be taken on the world's fair proposition in the sundry civil bill, and it is believed a final vote on the bill will be taken and an endeavor to have a closure on the bill. The deficiency and the fortification appropriation bills are expected to receive attention during the latter part of the week.

Washburne Is suspicious, Senator Washburne of Minnesota re-mains firm in his belief that there is a set purpose on the part of the leaders in the senate to force an adjournment just as soon as the last appropriation oill has been fully disposed of in order to prevent action by the senate on the anti-option bill, in which he takes so much interest and which has passed the house and only needs concurrence by the senate, to send it to the presi-dent. He has shown by two test votes that there is a working majority of at least five in the senate in favor of the enactment of such legislation, and ne thinks he can get the bill through without material amendment if he can only call it up and make it un-finished business. His chief dif-ficulty lies in the fact that so soon as he starts with it an appropriation bill is thrust in the road and he finds himself facing no thoroughfare. The Minnesota senator believes the an-nounced intention of Mr. Aldrich of nounced intention of Mr. Aldrich of Rhode Island to make a set speech on the tariff for revenue resolution of Mr. Hale some time this week to be part of the same policy of delay, though the announcement that Mr. Aldrich would make such a speech was made by Mr. Hale when he called up the resolution on the 28th of June before the anti-option bill came to the

The Key to the Situation, Whether the Minnesota senators sus-picions are well founded or not, it is apparent that the auti-option bill is the key to the situation so far as adjournment is concerned. It that bill can be postponed till December, an adjournment between the 1st and 5th of August is possible and even probable. If it gets before the senate as the continuing order with all the appropriation bills out of the way is no telling how long the session last. Senators who have voted with Mr. Washburne to take up the bill are by no means satisfied with its present form. They will propose and will probably carry amendments which will send it back for consideration by the house and an almost interminable struggle. and an almost interminable struggle thus be brought about. There is really nothing else likely to delay con-The sundry civil bill, even with world's fair boomerang attached, can probably be disposed of in conference in ten or twelve working days and the pending fortifications and deficiency bills are likely to occupy still less time.

Another Bill in the Way Mr. Butler's proposition to transfer the revenue marine service to the navy is the outside bill of a national char acter upon which there seems to be a determined intention to push a vote. There is a majority of senators in its favor, but it will encounter a strong opposition in the house and be bitterly antagonized by such men erman, having the support of the secretary of the navy and the opposi tion of the secretary of the treasury. When the senate adjourned yesterday there were 30 house bills on the senate calendar requiring action outside of a little batch of pension bills just received. All these could be disposed of in two days or even less time. Therefore the prospect of an early adjournment as concerns the senate seems to almost entirely on the course taken by the anti-option bill.

No legislation is contemplated on any one of the other bills this session at

GENERAL M'COOK AND THE INDIANA He says They Are Becoming so Tame

that They Won't Fight. WASHINGTON, July 17 .- Gen. Alexander McDowell McCook, commanding the department of Arizona is in the city the guest of his brother, Anson ook, secretary of the senate. Gensuit with Secretary Elkins and General Schoffeld in regard to matters in his department and especially the improve-ment of the posts there. He says there is no longer much danger of trouble with the Indians, in fact the Indians are becoming so tame and amiable that nobody can pick a fight with them. He will leave here early in the week for New York and expects to be back at his headquarters in Los Angeles, Cal., by August 1.

Adlai Goes to Burrards Bay.

New York, July 17.—Gen. A. E. Stevenson, democratic candidate for rice president, left the city at midnight ing of Chicago accompanied him. neral Stevenson gues to visit Mr. veland at the latter's special invita-

Magee Cannot Ascept. New York, July 17 .- Chris L. Mages mayivania, who has been promi-mentioned as the successor to

League of American Wheelmen, clubs covering a territory reaching from Portland, Me., to Houston, Tex., and as far west as Michigan, are represented. All day the clubs have been coming in and are being met at the depots by bands of music and escorted to the headquarters, where they receive anti-unsatic recentions. The receive enthusiastic receptions. The religious quiet which usually charac-terizes the Sabbath day at Washington was changed to jollification and merri-ment and the visiting wheelmen enjoyed ment and the visiting wheelmen enjoyed themselves to the utmost. President Burdett of the L. A. W. predicts great success for the meeting, which he says will be the largest ever held. All the famous racing men of the country with the exception of Zimmerman, who is winning laurels in England are entered and if the elements are favorable success is the elements are favorable success is assured. The track is in splend id condition; the only objection being that it is only a quarter mile instead of a half mile track. One of the most important arrivals among the clubs today was that of the Illinois division, the only division that came, which consists of seventy-five members who made an attractive and conspict ous appearance in white caps and jackets. Three Pensylvania cyclists wheeled in Washington via Gettysburg and what is known as Smith's wheeling tourists, com-posed of twenty-four New Yorkers, arrived today after a ninety-nine days trip on the road. Altogether Washing-ton has today been treated to one of the most variegated exhibitions of pedal locomotion it was ever its good fortune to enjoy.

BALFOUR AND GLADSTONE.

They May Contest in Midlothian-Gladstone's Policy.

Loxdon, July 17 .- The movement to induce Mr. Balfour to contest Midlothian against Mr. Gladstone when the latter resigns his seat on accepting office, is quite a persisent one. It has two pretexts, first Mr. Balfour's prominence making him a fit antagonist for the liberal leadership; second that Balfour owns estates contiguous to the borough is the excuse for asking the suffrages of the people there. It is not considered probably that Balfour will consent to fight Mr. Gladstone, with whom he is on intimate personal terms. The Sunday Sun believes that Mr. Gladstone will send as Just and the sunday for the sunday Gladstone will send an Irish autonomy bill three times at least to the house of lords, hoping by this iteration to arouse the passions of the people against the upper house. It says:

"This effort to create sentiment

against the lords as a useless and obstructive body is the supreme interest of the liberals. Their leaders can raise no cry to which the rank and file will rally more promptly and fiercely than to this. Therefore there will be no ex-cellent reason for sending the bill again and again to the house of lords."

London Anarchists.

LONDON, July 17 .- There was a small anarchist meeting today under the auspices of the International club at which resolutions were adopted denouncing the execution of Ravochol. There were very few Englishmen pres-

Behring Sea Arbitrator.

Pages, July 17 .- Baron Courcet, forof Berlin, has been appointed to repre-sent France in the Behring sea arbitration committee.

Alcohol From Black Strap.

New Haven, Conn., July 17 .- The Old Colony Distilleries company, which went into insolvency about a year ago, are reorganizing, and will soon start the plant for the purpose of distilling alcohol from raw molasses or black The distillery first started distilling liquor from grain, but owing to high freight rates were driven out of the market by western distillers. The new raw material will be brought here directly from the West Indies in tank boats. The failure of the company caused considerable interest, owing to its peculiar methods. The new company will start with a capital of \$300,-000, and will have among its members several well known New York capital-

Ross Obeyed the Order.

PADUCAH, Ky., July 17 .- Friday two lozen masked men visited the house of Peter Ross, a negro residing in a suburb called Frenchtown, and gave him a severe lashing with instructions to leave town at once or he would be hanged. Ross' wife is a young white woman from Shawneetown, Iil. By the death of her father several months ago she inherited considerable property. When quite young she ran away from home and led a notorious life here, finally winding up by marrying Ross. Ross has left town.

California Fruit Is Higher. San Jose, Cal., July 17.—Owing to the shortness of the fruit crop, expecially apricots, prices have gone up considerably in the past few days and orehardists who held their fruit are geting good figures. Apricots which were selling a few days ago at 1; cents per nound, or \$30 per ton, now bring \$60 per ton; prunes which sold for \$30 per ton now bring \$50, with corresponding nerease in prices for other varieties of

Binding Twine Famine in Iowa. Mason Criv Ia., July 7 .- There is great scarcity of binding twine in this state. The dealers say they have not half enough to supply the demand and several large concerns are refusing on account of the scarcity to fill orders. An unusually large harvest is almost here and farmers are now rushing in and securing all the surplus stock at figures averaging 2 cents a pound higher than last year.

Death of Colonel Shafer.

Converse, O., July 17,-Col. Samuel Shafer, secretary of the Ohio suking fund committee, died this afternoon, aged 49, from wounds received in the late war. He was for a numthe late war. He was for a num-ber of years Columbus correspondent of the old Ciccionati Gazette and at the fifth Avenue hotel today. He the time city editor of the Ohio State Journal. He was widely known among the Fifth Avenue hotel today. He new-paper men. He leaves a widew but no capidren.

Created by a District Attorney's Escapade.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., July 17 .- A sensation was created here today by the arrest of District Attorney Brunegard of Clinton county and Mrs. William Mosher, wife of a prominent citizen of Lockhaven. The couple were surprised in the same apartment at a hotel by the enraged husband. Backed by a couple of officers with warrants for the arrest of the man and woman. Mrs. Mosher left Lockhaven last night after showing her husband a telegram summoning her to this city to attend the funeral of an acquaintance. The suspicions of the husband were aroused and he notified the police to be on the lookout. The district attorney came with her on the same trasn but in another car and then they repaired to a leading hotel, shadowed by an officer. Mr. Mosher came down on a late train and warrants were isseued and the couple surprised at an early hour. They gave bail in the sum of \$500 each for court. Mr. Brunegard is prominent at the bar of Clinton county, is serving his second term as district attorney and has represented his district in the legislature. He has a family. Mr. Mosner is a prominent merchant and is said to have had reason for some time to doubt his

CAUGHT IN 'FRISCO. Allan and His Mate Trapped in a Neat Hotel.

San Francisco, July 17 .- Jack Allan and Mrs. Hy Hebden, who created so great a sensation by cloping from Montreal May 21 last, have been iden-Montreal May 21 last, have been identified here in a fashionable private hotel which is very exclusive. They registered June 22 as Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Adams of Quebec. They were evidently persons of means but mixed little with the guesta and might have escaped detection for months if it had not been for the arrival of a Montreal man who knew Allen well. Others have identified them and the landlady of the hotel also admitted to it. When Allen, who was prominently connected with the Steamship company, bearing that name left Montreal, it as said he took \$40,000 in cash with him. The elopement in cash with him. The elopement caused much talk and his friends have since been endeavoring to find the couple.

WAY OUT IN IDAHO Ouiet and Peace Again Prevail, But

WALLACE, Idaho, July 17 .- This of martial law. No one can travel on the railroads because the roads are forbidden to carry persons from points in Shoshone county. All the places where outbreaks are likely to occur are under the guard of soldiers, and peace prevails. Even the report that the non-Wardner and protected did not create any unusual excitement nor incite any openly expressed disapproval. Despite the passive aspect of affairs here the trouble is not over. General Carlin and staff arrived last night from Wardner, and left after a short stay for Mullane, where the strikers are most numerous and best prepared for resistance- * Important developments are expected to follow the general's arrival in that camp.

WARDNER, Ida., July 17 .- The work of arrest is proceeding with great care and deliberation. A deputy United States marshal marches through the and spots a striker and troops seize him. Few of camp the union men are here and few are known to be in this vicinity. The canon has been scoured and only one man was found. Scouts report the various points, but there has been no outbreaks to show their whereabouts. An exodus of strikers is taking place by way of the Glidens pass to Th son Falls. The strikers are thick on the mountains around Muliane and their camp fires could be seen by the soldiery tonight.

FOUR BOYS DROWNED, The Fifth One Is Unable to Render Them Any Assistance.

BALTIMORE, July 17 .- Four boys were drowned while swimming in the Manokim river just in the rear of their residences near Princess Anne, Md., yesterday. They were the sons of Chris-topher A. Ball, a thritty farmer, and were aged 16, 15, 12 and 10 respect-ively. These, with their brother George, George was the last to go in. When he began to wade out he saw that his tated. He then saw his four brothers drown one after another within twenty feet of him and he was powerless to assist them. The current was running very strong and the water is very deep. The boys swam up and down the rive until late last night looking for the bodies. Three were recovered,

WILL BEGIN ANEW

An Ex-Cashier Returns From Canada and

Pays Up. LOUISVILLE, July 17 .- Maj. William Tillman, ex-cashier of the defunct Falls City bank, who went to Canada ten months ago after having wrecked the bank by misappro-priating \$40,000 of its funds and using a widow's trust fund of \$15,000 has returned. The money which he took has been made good and the indictments against him here were dis-Trilman will take his family away and begin life anew.

COULD NOT AGREE.

A Jury Unable to Convict a Teacher of

Counterfeiting Detection. INDIANAPOLIS, July 17 .- The jury in the government case against Robert L. Greenlease for passing a counterfeit \$50 bill upor Besse Moore in this city was unable to agree, and was yesterday

cept the secretaryship. The probable choice of the chairman will be L. E. McComas of Maryland.

WHEELMEN AT WASHINGTON.

Large Numbers in Uniforms Plock Into the Capital on Sunday.

Washington, July 17.—The city is crowded with cyclists who are arriving here to attend the meeting of the League of American Wheelmen, clubs

CAUGHT IN A TRAP discharged. Greenlease is a teacher of the art of detecting counterfeit money, and as such wasfallowed to keep \$5,500 worth of bad bills. He has, however, been under suspicion by the treasury department for several years, and numerous complaints have been lodged against him. The girl produced several thousand dollars in bad bills that he had failed to register, but the jury held him innocent of the crime charged in the indictment.

PICKED UP IN THE LAKE. The Survivor of a Wreck Brought Into

CLEVELAND, July 17 .- The steamer Sumberland, which arrived at Ashtabula, brought a man named Adolph Blazer, who was picked up from an overturned boat three miles from the shore Friday night. He says he and his brother went boating with two young women from New York who were camping near Kingsville, Canada, yesterday (Friday) evening they were caught by a gale, the boat overturned, and his brother and the two girls drowned. Blazer refuses to give the names of the young women, as he wishes to be the first to break the news to the parents.

TRAINS IN COLLISION

Stall Ten Thousand Passengers Out for

the Sea Air. NEW YORK, July 17 .- Word was reeived at Brooklyn police headquarters tonight that the 8:53 p. m. train from Brooklyn Bath & West End rail-

the Ohio penitentiary, sent up last May from Ottawa county for burglary, hanged himself in his cell by a clothes string attached to a wire fastened to his bed hook. In his stocking was found a letter confessing that in 1888 he and Samuel Potts murdered a man in Sagmaw, Mich., but giving no

Passengers Shaken Up.

CLEVELAND, July 17.—The Lake Shore, Chicago & New York limited, due here at 2:55 this morning, ran into a freight train at Vermillion, O., which was pulling into a switch. A number of the freight cars were demonshed and the passengers in the limited shaken up severely, but none injured. The engineer of the limited, Ed Topliff, who was in the terrible wreck at Kipton, O., last fall, was so badly hurt that he could not be moved.

Two Men Killed.

Trouble May Come.

Wallace, Idaho, July 17.—This unty labors under the disadvantage marks law No. 22. two coaches and three Pullman sleep ing cars. J. S. Cinamont, news agent and William Moore, a colored employe, were killed. All the cars left the track. One passenger was painfully hurt, another slightly so.

Struck by an Engine.

Chicago, July 17.—While crossing the Chicago & Northwestern tracks at Webber avenue, near the northwestern limits of the city, John Kegelcain and his son, Walter, 5 years old, were struck by a passenger train at a late hour Friday night. Kegelcain was in-stantly killed and Walter was so seriously injured that his recovery is

Broke the Baby Record. PHILADELPHIA, July 17.-Mrs. John Harkins, wife of a Frankford mechanic living at No. 833 Pearl street, surpassed all previous records vesterday by giving birth to four girl babies within a few Mother and children are reported doing well. The isther seemed scarcely to realize his good luck when informed of the arrivals.

DULUTH, July 17 .- The steam pleas ure yacht Bruno ran on an old dike in the harbor this afternoon with forty passengers aboard. She filled with but remained affoat and was beached. F. W. Gettings, a young car-penter, fell overboard and was caught the wheel and received injuries in the wheel and rec which caused his death.

Killed by the Cars.

ATTICA, Ind., July 17.—Mrs. S. A. Thier and daughter, Mrs. David Brown, were struck by a Chicago & Illinois Central freight train as the were crossing the track in a buggy at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Thier was killed instantly and Mrs. Brown was so badly injured that she will not survive. Linoleum Works Burned

CLEVELAND, July 17.—A special from Akron states the destruction of the West Lineoleum works by fire. Loss, \$100,000; insured for nearly the entire amount. Cause unknown.

WEATHER FORECASTS. Foster Predicts the Storms for the Com-

Sr. Joseph, Mo., July 16 .- My last bulletin gave forecasts of the storm wave to cross the continent from 17th to 21st, and the next will reach the Pacific coast about the 22d, cross the

ing Month.

ern mountains by the close of the 23d, the great central valleys from the 24th to 26th and the eastern states about the The weather will continue to average very warm, and the principal storm ward. Portions of the cotton belt will suffer greatly from drouth, while in some of the upper Mississippi valley states excessive rains will occur.

A good stage of water for navigation purposes will continue in the Musics ippi, Missouri and Ohio rivers.

In the northern states the time for fall plowing is near at hand, and the ground is expected to be in good con-dition, with stoisture sufficient to give fall sown crops a good start. Winter will come late, we will have a late fall, and the winter crops will make a large growth before the first of December, therefore where a large growth of fall wheat is not desired, it will be best to

WILL IT BE DONE?

The Trades Council of Chicago Adopts Resolutions

DEMANDING THE PROSECUTION

Of the Pinkertons and Frick for Tree son, Murder and Inciting the

CHICAGO, July 17. - The most radical utterances upon the Homestead troubles which have yet been passed came from the trades and labor council of Chicago at its meeting today. The meeting was ostensibly for the election of officers, but when it was called to order, Thomas Morgan secured the floor and moved a suspension of regular business, and the body went at once to the consideration of the Homestead matters. The following resolutions were introduced and

Whereas, There is in existence in the state and city of New York and also in the state of Illinois and city of Chicago an organization called the Pinkerton

detective agency, And, Whereas, H. C. Frick of the Carnegie Iron and Steel works, located at Homestead, Pa., did during the last

And whereas, such acts are anarchistic, revolutionary and against the spirit of our liberties and are the means employed by the plutocrats to enslave the masses of American producers; Demand Their Arrest.

Therefore be it resolved, by the trades assembly of Chicago, that we demand of the governor of Illinois that he immediately cause the arrest of William Pinkerton of Chicago upon the charge of murder, inciting riot and in-

That we call upon Gov. Roswell B. Flower of New York to cause the arrest of Robert Pinkerton of New York City upon a similar charge; and we request Governor Pattison of Pennsylvania to cause the arrest of Manager H. C. Frick of Homestead on the charge of treason, murder, inciting riot, insurrection and rebellion, and at

their prosecution.

The radical spirit of the resolutions given again and again as Delegate Quinton read along. The resolutions were unanimously adopted, and a comup the formal charges of murder with instructions to secure the best legal ad-

COST OF THE LOCKOUT. It Foots Up Over a Million Already and Is Swelling.

vice to assist them in their work

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 17. - The chemeteon is rivaled in its changing by the situation in Homestead. From anarchy to law and order and the grades passed with all the accompanying vacillations incident to such an evolution. A visit to the little town today would not give an adequate idea of the many changes that have worked since the trouble began and only the blackened pieces of the landing stage at the Carnegie mill, the sunken hulks of the Pinkerton barges, the presence of thousandsof idle workmen and the big military camp on the hill overlooking the gigantic plant bring to mind the scenes enacted here since the beginning of the month. July 6, speak of it as something that happened months ago, so many nave been the exciting incidents crowded upon one another since time. Civil law passed out of exist-ence and unauthorized bands of armed men took control of the town and its vicinity. Then followed a period in the Amalgamated a assumed charge and managed to re-store something like quiet, leading up to an attempted assumption of the reigns of government by the borough authorities. But the borough officials failed in the undertaking and for a few days it was hard to tell whether the civil authorities, the advisory committee or the rank and file of the of government. Then came the troops and the city under martial rule, and later the company's notice to return to work by making individual applica-

This notice is said to be preliminary to the emyloyment of non-union men. When the officers became known yesterday the news created the greatest excitement aroung the locked-out workmen, but in outward appearance the men were influenced by them in their determination to fight the battle to the bitter end. Those who would express themselves on the subject said they would not returned to work until the company acceded to the demands of the Amaigamated association. Today they appear to be as firm in their determination, and if unity is maintained and the old men refuse to work the starting of the mills by non-union workmen will be the only other From Monday to Thursday the crisis will hang in the balance, and then a better opportunity will be given to pen-etrate the mystery that envelopes the attraction. It is claimed by the leaders of the strikers that the Amalgamated matter what may happen.

Non-Union Men Impossible If the mills are started by non-union men they confend that the mistakes that will occur and the heavy financial

loss consequent to them will cause the company to start down the mills in sheer self interest. The quality of the product turned out by the unskilled labor will be so interior, say the leaders, that it cannot find a market. If the product is ready for shipping it is claimed that a greater difficulty will confront the company in the refusal of railroad men to handle any material turned from the Carnagie company's confront the company in the refusal of railroad men to handle any material turned from the Carnegie company's mills. Assurances from so many unions of freight handlers have been received in this city that the amalgamated association feels confident of preventing the product of the Carnegie mills made by non-union men from being carried to the places stipulated in the contracts. Even if this fails the locked out workers claims they have another trump card to play. They expect the action of the unions of carpenters of many organizations composed of men engaged in the construction of buildings and other structures in deciding not to perform work on any errection where the products of the Carnegie mills are used. With these and other circumstances to support them the lockout workmen of Homestead hope to bring the Carnegie company to the terms dictated by the amalgamated association.

The Cost of the struggle. The Cost of the Biruggle.

Both sides admit that there is no immediate prospect of a settlement of the strike, and stready the cost is consider-ably more than one million dollars. Every day that the works are idle costs the Carnegie company \$50,000. It is nineteen days since the workmen went out and the wheels stop moving. That means a loss of \$950,000 to the comfrom Brooklyn Bath & West End railway, bound north, ran into a south
bound train of the Manhattan Beach
railway at Bath Junction, L. I. Both
trains were badly wrecked, the roads
blocked and about 10,000 passengers
brought to a standstill. It was at first
reported that ten persons had been
killed in the collision, but this was contradicted in a later dispatch. Arragoments were made with the Sea Beach
company for the transportation of passengers to their destination.

DEAD IN HIS CELL.

A Murderer Anticipates His End by Committing Suicide.

Columbus, July 17.—Tonight at 9
o'clock, Frank Rollin, a prisoner in
the Ohio penitentiary, sent up last May
from Collaws against that the west and the first days of
July, 1892, conspire with Robert Pinkretto of New York, who, sided by his
brother of Chicago, did send armed
sassasins called watchmen to Homestead, Pa.

And, Whereas said Pinkerton did
send armed assassin watchmen to
Homestead, Pa., and turned them over
to H. C. Frick, by whose orders and instruction said armed hirelings
on the 6th of July, 1892,
did attack, assault, kill and
maim the citizens and workingmen of
Homestead, Pa., creating riot, insurrectiou and rebelifon there, threatening
the peace of the state of Pennsylvania
and imperiling the wellfare of the
whole United States.

And whereas, such acts are anarchO'DONNELL LEAVES HOMESTEAD.

He Is Off on an Important But Secret

PITTSBURG, July 17.—Important de-velopments in the Homestead trouble velopments in the Homestead trouble are hkely to be brought about within the next 48 hours. Tonight Hugh O'Donnell, who is looked up to by the strikers at that place as their absolute and only leader, is en route eastward to fulfill a mission which, as he himself admitted, may have a vital effect upon the present situation. O'Donnell's departure from Homestead was attended with considerable secrecy. Less than a half hour before leaving and in the hearing of a number of people on the hearing of a number of people on the street he told one of the mill men who wauted to have a talk with him that he charge of treason, murder, inciting riot, insurrection and rebellion, and at this moment is trying to deprive American citizens of their homes and the right to earn their living at the Homestead mills, which their labor has created and built up.

And, Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to draw up the charges of murder against the Pinkertons and H. C. Frick and to consider colitary companion and burdened with a heavy value had waixed up the track so that his departure might not be ob-served by the big crowd at the Home-stead depot. He took a seat away from the window in the forward car and he found himself vis-a-vis with a representative of the United Press. He was disinclined to say anything con-cerning the reasons for his sudden de-parture from the town, but finally made the admission that he was bound on a very important mission and did not expect to return until Wednesday at the earliest. "I cannot Wednesday at the earness say where I am going or what I am say where I am going or what I am for "he said. "If I am successgoing for," he said. "If I am successful facts will be known very quickly and if I do not meet with success then the least said about the matter the

"If you gain the present you are after will it have the effect of bringing the strike to an early close," Mr-

after will it have the effect of bringing the strike to an early close," Mr. O'Donnell was asked.
"I certainly believe that it will have that effect," was the ready response. When the train reached the Union depot the leader of the strikers gave his name to the clerk in the ticket office and was handed out an envelope containing railway and sleeping car transportation and which had evidently been ordered in advance. He then went aboard the first section of the Pennsylvania fast express, which pulled out at 8:50. As the train went around the curve a final effort was week to induce him to state effort was made to induce him to state his destination but without result, and the agent in the ticket office was

STAND BY THE STRIKERS. HOMESTERD, July 17,-Instead of sending in their names and applying for their old positions in response to the notice posted by Mr. Frick on Sat-urday, the former employes of the car-negie company who are not members of the Amaigamated association got together today and unanimously decided to stand out to the end. The meeting was held in the rink. It was called by members of the mechanical depart-ments, but it included all daily wage carners. These men number about 2,000 and include the Hungarians. The 2,000 and include the Hangarians. The meeting was attended by about 1,000 men. Hugh O'Donnell of the Amalgamated association addressed the men by special invitation. He did not advise them in any way, but merely stated the condition of affairs, leaving his hearers to decide for themselves. The meeting was in session from 10

his hearers to decide for themselves. The meeting was in session from 10 a.m. until 12 o'clock. The following resolutions were passed:

Whereas, We, the employes of the mechanical departments and day in-borers of the Carnegie Stock works of Homestead, in meeting assembled, de offer the following as our views in regard to the labor trouble existing as

present:
Resolved, That we are in sympathy
with the Amalgamated association are
pledge ourselves to stand with them i

Resolved. That we consider it an in-justice to the mechanical department and the day inhorers, and an insult to their manhood to sek them to work under guard, as we believe that in this land of the free all men should be

Workers association vierted the head quarters of the Amaignmented association this afternoon and tendered the sympathy and financial resources of the organization.